NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1795. [N° 1713.]

NEWPORT: (Rhode-Island) Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

LOTTERY.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY granted by the Hon. General Assembly of this State, for the purpose of raising *Seven Hundred Dollars*, for the Benefit of the *United Congregational Society*, in *Little Compton*. Calculated in Two Classes as follows, subject to a deduction of *Ten per Cent.* in each Class, &c.

		Dollars.	*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	300	300
1		200	200
2		50	200
4		20	200
10		10	200
20		5	300
60		3	300
200		2	1100
550			
746 Prizes,		For the Design,	300
254 Blanks.			
1000 Tickets at 2½ Dollars, is			3000 Dol.

N. B. Prizes of 2 Dollars, in the above Class, to be in Tickets in the 2d Class.

The Prize of 300 Dollars, to be paid 200 Dollars in Cash and 50 Tickets in the 2d Class.

The Prize of 200 Dollars, to be paid 70 Dollars in Cash and 15 Tickets in the 2d Class.

The 4—50 Dollar Prizes, to be paid 40 Dollars in Cash and 5 Tickets in the 2d Class for each Prize.

The 10 Prizes of 20 Dollars, to be paid 16 Dollars in Cash and 2 Tickets in the 2d Class.

The 20 Prizes of 10 Dollars each, to be paid 8 Dollars in Cash and one Ticket in the 2d Class.

Likewise every Blank, drawn in the above Class, to be entitled to One Quarter of a Ticket in the 2d Class.

CLASS the Second 2000 Tickets at Two Dollars each.

		Dollars.	*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	300	300
1		200	200
4		50	200
10		20	200
20		10	200
62		5	310
521		3	1563
620 Prizes,		Paid for Blanks in 1st Class	617
380 Blanks.		For the Design,	400
2000 Tickets, at 2 Dollars, is			4000 Dol.

As the foregoing Scheme is calculated so very advantageous to the Adventurers, by so small a Deduction in the first Place of *Ten per Cent.* then by giving every Person that draws a Blank in the First Class, a Quarter of a Ticket in the Second Class—whereby an Opportunity is again offered, to gain them a Prize—together with the laudable Purpose for which the Lottery is granted, flatters the Managers that the Sale of the Tickets will be rapid, and the First Class be drawn by the 25th of *March* next, or sooner.

A List of Prizes in each Class, will be published in the *Newport Mercury*, as soon as the Drawing is completed—Prizes not demanded within Six Months after Publication shall be deemed generously given for the Purpose aforesaid.

The Managers appointed are Messieurs *Perez Richmond, Nathaniel Church, John Davis, Andrew Taylor, Edward Woodman*, and *Thomas Briggs*—who have given Bond for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

*** TICKETS to be had of the MANAGERS.

Little Compton (Rhode-Island) Feb. 10, 1795.

SIMON DAVIS

HAS FOR SALE,

THIRD and Fourth Proof RUM, by the Puncheon,
SUGAR, by the Hogshead or Barrel, of different Qualities,
The best of Surinam MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, for retailing,
PEPPER, by the Bag,
COFFEE Ditto,
CORK by the Barrel.

Newport, February 9, 1795.

WANTED,

A Journeyman SHOE-MAKER, who understands Boots and Shoes.—Also One who understands Silk and Stuff Work.—Likewise an active BOY, as an Apprentice.—Apply to

JAMES CHAPPELL.

Newport, February 9, 1795.

TO BE SOLD,

FIVE Acres of LAND, formerly the Property of William Weeden; situated opposite Judge Bliss's, about Three-Quarters of a Mile from the Town of Newport.—For Particulars, apply to

JETHRO BRIGGS.

February 10, 1795.

Also a LOT, on which formerly a Mill stood, situated Westward of Elder Bliss's, Part of the Estate of the said William Weeden aforesaid. Inquire as above.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, January Session, A. D. 1795.

An ACT making Provision for the Transfer of the Stock of the United States belonging to this State, to the individual Creditors thereof.

WHEREAS the United States in Congress assembled, at the present session, have passed an act, entitled "an act authorizing the transfer of the Stock standing to the credit of certain States;" in the words following, to wit:

"Be it Enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That at any time within two years from the passing of this Act, transfers shall and may be authorized of so much of the stock standing to the credit of any State, pursuant to the report of the commissioners for settling accounts between the United States and individual States, and the act passed thereon, entitled "an act making provision for the payment of the interest on the balances due to certain States upon a final settlement of the accounts between the United States and the individual States" to creditors of such State, who were such prior to the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, as may be necessary to satisfy their respective demands: Provided that no such transfer shall be made but with the consent of said State and its creditors."

BE it therefore Enacted by this General Assembly, and by the Authority thereof, it is hereby Enacted, That the General Treasurer of this State be authorized and empowered, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to receive into his office the following descriptions of this State's debt, *to wit*:—Notes issued for depreciation of pay to the officers and soldiers of the late army:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the paper bills emitted in the years 1775 and 1776:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the notes issued for the redemption of the paper bills of 1775 and 1776:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the four per cent. notes:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the certificates issued by *Charles Holden*, Esq; as Commissary of Purchases:—Notes issued to the creditors of the absentees whose estates have been forfeited: Notes issued for paper money sunk, and hired previous to the revolution:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the money emitted in June, A. D. 1780, funded on real estate:—Certificates for balances due on the debt assumed by the United States, issued by *Jabez Bowen*, Esq; Commissioner of Loans:—Teaming Certificates:—Interest Certificates on Loan-Office certificates and liquidated debt:—Interest Certificates issued on Mr. *Chace's* final settlement certificates:—Impost Orders for the Interest on the State debt:—And Invalid Certificates:——And that the General-Treasurer compute an interest of six per cent. per annum, on all the said Notes, together with the Teaming Certificates, and Invalid Certificates, up to the 31st day of December, A. D. 1791; and upon the amount of the principal and interest up to that date, to compute an interest of four per cent. per annum, to the 1st day of January, A. D. 1795; and on the interest, and other certificates and Impost Orders above-mentioned, to compute an interest of four per cent. from the said 31st day of December, A. D. 1791, to the 1st day of January, A. D. 1795; and that upon his receiving the said debts, he give to each creditor an abstract of the amount of his debt, upon the above principles of calculation.

It is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at the expiration of six months from the tenth day of February, in the present year, the General-Treasurer be and he is hereby directed to ascertain the whole amount of the said debt so delivered into his office, upon the said principles of calculation, and if it shall exceed the sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, he is hereby directed to apportion the said sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars to the several creditors of the above descriptions, according to the amount of their several debts to computed as aforesaid; and at the end of the said six months to give to each creditor a certificate of his proportion of the said sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and also a certificate of the balance; which certificates shall be in the words following, to wit:

"*Rhode-Island &c. Treasury Office,* 1795.

"I hereby certify that there is due to *A. B.* from the *State of Rhode-Island &c.* or bearer, *dollars cents* payable on demand in the funded and deferred stock of the United States, at the Loan Office in this State, in the following proportions, to wit: four ninths in six per cent. stock, with the interest due thereon from the first day of January, 1795—Three ninths in three per cent stock, with the interest due thereon from the first day of January, 1795, and two ninths in deferred stock, bearing an interest of six per cent to commence the first day of January 1801.

H. S *General Treasurer.*"

"*Rhode Island &c. Treasury Office* 1795

"I hereby certify, that there is due to *A. B.* or bearer, from the *State of Rhode-Island, &c.* *dollars cents*: being a balance provided for by the transfer of the funded and deferred stock of the United States belonging to this State, agreeably to an Act made and passed by the General Assembly of this State, at their January session, 1795; which certificates by order of the said Assembly, are to carry an interest of four per cent. until paid.

H. S. *Gen. Treasurer.*"

And if the debts so brought in and calculated as aforesaid shall not exceed the amount of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, the General Treasurer is hereby directed to give each of the creditors a certificate of the amount of his debt upon the said principles of computation, according to the form of the first certificate herein mentioned.

And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Loan-Officer of the United States in this State, be and he is hereby fully authorized and empowered to transfer to the holders of the certificates of the last mentioned kind, the stock of the United States belonging to this State, agreeably to the certificates. And this act and the said certificates shall be his full warrant and power for so doing.

And whereas the several kinds of stock of the United States belonging to this State will not hold out alike in the proportions mentioned in the said certificates; the said Loan-Officer is hereby empowered to estimate six per cent. stock at twenty shillings for twenty shillings, deferred stock at thirteen shillings and four pence for twenty shillings, and three per cent. stock at eleven shillings and four pence for twenty shillings; and to transfer any species of stock, in lieu of any other species of stock, according to the said limitation; apportioning such transfers among all the said creditors in proportion to their respective debts.

It is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the General-Treasurer be and he is hereby further directed and empowered to execute to the said Loan-Officer a power of attorney to make the said transfers, and to give to the said Loan-Officer the certificates now held by *Henry Sherburne*, Esq; in trust for the said purpose.

It is further enacted, That this act be published in all the news-papers in this State.

* *And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid*, That, to obtain a full account of the debts due from the State, all the creditors of the State carry in to the General-Treasurer, on or before the first day of June next, an exact account of all the Demands they have pursuant to this act, and at the same time declare whether they acquiesce in a transfer upon the principles of this act or not; that the General-Treasurer, comparing the said claims with the records in his office, make as perfect a report as may be to this Assembly, at the session to be holden in June next, of the amount of the public debt within the meaning of this act, specifying therein the different kinds of the securities, and their amount; and that the transfer be postponed until the said session in June next.

A true Copy:

Witness, HENRY WARD, Sec'ry.

* *This last paragraph was an amendment made by the Upper House, with which the Lower House concurred.—After mature consideration, not being able to form it into the body of the act, so as to satisfy myself, I thought it best to print it in this manner.*

HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

For the NEWPORT MERCURY.

Anecdotes of THEODORE, *late King of* CORSICA.

THEODORE ANTHONY, Baron Newhoff, more remarkable for being the only one of his profession (of adventurers) who ever obtained a crown, than for acquiring that of Corsica, was born at Mentz, about the year 1696; and after a variety of intrigues, scrapes and escapes in many parts of Europe, and after having obtained and lost a throne, returned in 1748-9 to England, where he had been before about the year 1737.—He was a comely middle sized man, very reserved, and affecting much dignity, which he acted in the lowest ebb of his fortunes, and coupled with the lowest shifts of his industry. An instance of the former appeared during his last residence at Florence, where being reduced to extreme poverty, some English gentlemen made a collection for, and carried it to him. Being apprized of their coming, and having only one chamber in a little miserable lodging, he squeezed his bed to one side, and placed a chair under the canopy, where he sat to receive the charity.

Being involved here in former and new debts, he for some time received benefactions from the Earl of Granville, the Countess of Yarmouth and others, after being arrested, some merchants in the city promoted a subscription for him, but he played so many pranks, and counterfeited so many bonds and debts, that they withdrew their money. He behaved with little more honour when a paper in the WORLD was published for his benefit. Fifty pounds were raised by it, and sent to his prison.—He pretended to be much disappointed at not receiving more,—his debts, he said, amounted to *one thousand five hundred pounds*. He sent in a few days to Mr. Dodsley, the publisher of the World, to desire the subscription might be opened again; which being denied, he sent a lawyer to Mr. Dodsley, to threaten to prosecute him for the paper, which he pretended had done him great hurt, and prevented several contributions.

Precibusque minas regaliter addit.

In May, 1756, this extraordinary event happened.—Theodore, a man who had actually *reigned*, was reduced to take the benefit of the act of insolvency. Theodore, however, remained in the Liberties of the Fleet till December, 1756, when taking a chair, for which he had no money to pay, he went to the Portuguese Minister in Audley-street, but not finding him at home, Theodore prevailed on the chairman to carry him to a taylor's in Chapel-street, Soho, who having formerly known him, and pitying his distress, lodged him in his house.—Theodore fell ill there the next day, and dying in a few days, was buried in the church-yard of St. Ann's, in that parish.

A strong peculiarity of circumstances attended him to the last; his manner of obtaining his liberty, was not so extraordinary as what attended it. Going to Guild-

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		Dollars.	*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	300	300
1		100	100
2		50	100
4		20	80
10		10	100
20		5	100
60		3	180
100		2	200
550			
		For the Design,	300
746 Prizes,			
254 Blanks.			
1000 Tickets at 1½ Dollars, is			3000 Dol.

N. B. Prizes of 2 Dollars, in the above Class, to be paid in Tickets in the 2d Class.

The Prize of 300 Dollars, to be paid 200 Dollars in Cash and 50 Tickets in the 2d Class.

The Prize of 100 Dollars, to be paid 70 Dollars in Cash and 15 Tickets in the 2d Class.

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4		50	200
10		20	200
20		10	200
62		5	310
521		3	1563
620 Prizes,		Paid for Blanks in 1st Class	617
2380 Blanks.		For the Design,	400
3000 Tickets, at 2 Dollars, is			4000 Dol.

As the foregoing Scheme is calculated so very advantageous to the Adventurers, by so small a Deduction in the first Place of *Ten per Cent.* then by giving every Person that draws a Blank in the First Class, a Quarter of a Ticket in the Second Class—whereby an Opportunity is again offered, to gain them a Prize—together with the laudable Purpose for which the Lottery is granted, flatters the Managers that the Sale of the Tickets will be rapid, and the First Class be drawn by the 25th of *March* next, or sooner.

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The best of Surinam MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, for retailing,
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Newport, February 9, 1795.

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BE it therefore Enacted by this General Assembly, and by the Authority thereof, it is hereby Enacted, That the General Treasurer of this State be authorized and empowered, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to receive into his office the following descriptions of this State's debt, *to wit*:—Notes issued for depreciation of pay to the officers and soldiers of the late army:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the paper bills emitted in the years 1775 and 1776:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the notes issued for the redemption of the paper bills of 1775 and 1776:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the four per cent. notes:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the certificates issued by *Charles Holden*, Esq; as Commissary of Purchases:—Notes issued to the creditors of the absentees whose estates have been forfeited: Notes issued for paper money sunk, and hired previous to the revolution:—Notes issued for calling in and sinking the money emitted in June, A. D. 1780, funded on real estate:—Certificates for balances due on the debt assumed by the United States, issued by *Jabez Bowen*, Esq; Commissioner of Loans:—Teaming Certificates:—Interest Certificates on Loan-Office certificates and liquidated debt:—Interest Certificates issued on Mr. Cl[illegible]'s final settlement certificates:—Impost Orders for the Interest on the State debt:—And Invalid Certificates:——And that the General Treasurer compute an interest of six per cent. per annum, on all the said Notes, together with the Teaming Certificates, and Invalid Certificates, up to the 31st day of December, A. D. 1794; and upon the amount of the principal and interest up to that date, to compute an interest of four per cent. per annum, to the 1st day of January, A. D. 1795; and on the interest, and other certificates and Impost Orders above-mentioned, to compute an interest of four per cent. from the said 31st day of December, A. D. 1794, to the 1st day of January, A. D. 1795; and that upon his receiving the said debts, he give to each creditor an abstract of the amount of his debt, upon the above principles of calculation.

It is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at the expiration of six months from the tenth day of February, in the present year, the General-Treasurer be and he is hereby directed to ascertain the whole amount of the said debt so delivered into his office, upon the said principles of calculation, and if it shall exceed the sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, he is hereby directed to apportion the said sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars to the several creditors of the above descriptions, according to the amount of their several debts so computed as aforesaid; and at the end of the said six months to give to each creditor a certificate of his proportion of the said sum of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and also a certificate of the balance; which certificates shall be in the words following, to wit:

"*Rhode-Island &c. Treasury Office*, 1795.

"*I hereby certify that there is due to A. B. from the State of Rhode-Island &c. or bearer,* dollars cents *payable on demand in the funded and deferred stock of the United States, at the Loan Office in this State, in the following proportions, to wit: four ninths in six per cent. stock, with the interest due thereon from the first day of January, 1795.—Three ninths in three per cent. stock, with the interest due thereon from the first day of January, 1795. and two ninths in deferred stock, bearing an interest of six per cent. to commence the first day of January 1801.*

H. S. *General Treasurer*."

"*Rhode Island &c. Treasury Office* 1795

"*I hereby certify, that there is due to A. B. or bearer, from the State of Rhode-Island, &c.* dollars cents: *being a balance provided for by the transfer of the funded and deferred stock of the United States belonging to this State, agreeably to an Act made and passed by the General Assembly of this State, at their January session, 1795; which certificates by order of the said Assembly, are to carry an interest of four per cent. until paid.*

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And if the debts so brought in and calculated as aforesaid shall not exceed the amount of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, the General Treasurer is hereby directed to give each of the creditors a certificate of the amount of his debt upon the said principles of computation, according to the form of the first certificate herein mentioned.

And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Loan-Officer of the United States in this State, be and he is hereby fully authorized and empowered to transfer to the holders of the certificates of the last mentioned kind, the stock of the United States belonging to this State, agreeably to the certificates. And this act and the said certificates shall be his full warrant and power for so doing.

And whereas the several kinds of stock of the United States belonging to this State will not hold out alike in the proportions mentioned in the said certificates; the said Loan-Officer is hereby empowered to estimate six per cent. stock at twenty shillings for twenty shillings, deferred stock at thirteen shillings and four pence for twenty shillings, and three per cent. stock at eleven shillings and four pence for twenty shillings; and to transfer any species of stock, in lieu of any other species of stock, according to the said limitation; apportioning such transfers among all the said creditors in proportion to their respective debts.

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Witness, HENRY WARD, Sec'ry.

* *This last paragraph was an amendment made by the Upper House, with which the Lower House concurred.—After mature consideration, not being able to form it into the body of the act, so as to satisfy myself, I thought it best to print it in this manner.*

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A strong peculiarity of circumstances attended him to the last; his manner of obtaining his liberty, was not so extraordinary as what attended it. Going to Guild-

"What effects he had?"—He coolly answered, "*My kingdom of Corsica*;" and it was accordingly registered for the benefit of his creditors.

One of the *great exploits* of Britain, in the present crusade of Tyrants against Liberty, is the taking of Corsica, then belonging to the French. By the English law, that kingdom belongs to the creditors of the unfortunate Theodore; but according to the vulgar adage, "might undoes right," and we find *George the Third* has sacked this unhappy country to his own dominions.

European Intelligence.

By the Brig Mary, Capt Chipman, arrived at Boston in 29 Days from Limmington (England) we have the following advices to the 3d of January:

PARIS, November 30.

A Letter from Delbert, Representative of the People, with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes (in Catalonia) gave an account of an action with the Spaniards on the 17th of November. The right wing of the French army totally routed the left wing of the enemy, took their camp, artillery, baggage, and 1000 prisoners. A corps of French Emigrants were put to the sword. The right wing of the Spaniards maintained its ground, and the centre was not attacked. Dugomier, the Commander in Chief of the French army was killed by a shell on a height where he had taken post to direct the operations of his troops.

A letter from Gen. Moreau dated Nov. 22d, announced that Gen. Debron, after defeating a part of the enemy, and repulsing the garrison of Luxembourg, had taken possession of all the military positions within three leagues of the fortress, and formed a complete blockade.

The name of Gen. Dugomier was ordered to be inscribed in the Pantheon, among those of the defenders of their country, and his family to be provided for at the public charge.

On the 28th, a letter from the representatives of the people with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes, dated Nov. 20, announced another victory over the Spaniards. Their redoubts and entrenchments were carried by the bayonet; their whole army put to the rout, and all their artillery, baggage and camps, with tents for more than 50,000 men taken. The slaughter is said to have been dreadful; but the letter, being written from the field of battle, could not be expected to give the details.

Official Letter.

Letter from the Representative of the People with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes.

"St. Fernando de Figueres, Nov. 28.

"CITIZEN COLLEAGUES,

"The 20th was signalized by one of the most brilliant victories ever obtained by the armies of the Republic. Imagine every obstacle that nature and art could unite; imagine from 80 to 100 redoubts on positions the most advantageous, full of cannon, and forming several lines of defence; imagine from 40 to 50,000 men distributed in these forts and entrenchments, the labor of six months; imagine all these redoubts, the artillery and musketry that defended them; imagine 80 volcanos at once vomiting fire and iron—well, all these were carried in less than three hours. Our battalions advanced amid musketry and grape shot, and did every thing with the bayonet. No prisoners were taken; all were put to the sword; three Spanish Generals were killed; one of them attempted to defend himself against Aujotant-General DAPHOT, who run his sword through his body. Count de L'UNION; the Commander in Chief of the Spanish army, was found dead on the field of battle: We send you his military decorations.

"In our letter of the 18th, we informed you that we had some men killed in the affair of the 17th. The number killed and wounded on the 20th, is much less considerable.—The enemy, repulsed in all parts, fled and their route was complete. After abandoning to us all their camps and artillery, they attempted to make a stand on the heights of Lers, where they had prepared an entrenched camp under the cannon of the castle of Figueres; but they were pursued so vigorously that they were obliged to abandon their position, and fly six or seven leagues farther. The same evening their famous fort of St. Fernando de Figueres was invested on all sides, and some battalions turned against the place the cannon mounted by the enemy for the defence of the camp of Lers. Next day Figueres and Roles were invested. PERIGNON sent a vigorous summons to the Governor of the castle of Figueres to surrender the place.—The parley lasted two or three hours. The capitulation was signed yesterday, and to day the place is in possession of the Republic. The garrison or rather the army, of 9 107 men, laid down their arms and surrendered prisoners of war. We found on the ramparts more than 150 pieces of cannon, and immense quantities of provisions in the place. Such, Citizen Colleagues, are the consequence of the brilliant days of the 17th and 20th November.—Terror is among our enemies. You will judge of it from the surrender of a place so important, and so famous as that of Figueres. We are going to summon Roles; we shall soon inform you of the surrender of it. The number of prisoners is 9,400; that of the colours taken is considerable.

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(Signed) "JOSHUA JOHNSON."

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WESTMINSTER, Dec. 30.

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My Lords and Gentlemen,

AFTER the uniform experience which I have had of your zealous regard for the interests of my people, it is a great satisfaction to me to recur to your advice and assistance, at a period which calls for the full exertion of your energy and wisdom.

Notwithstanding the disappointments and reverses which we have experienced in the course of the last campaign, I retain a firm conviction of the necessity of persisting in a vigorous prosecution of the just and necessary war in which we are engaged.

You will, I am confident, agree with me, that it is only from firmness and perseverance that we can hope for the restoration of peace, on safe and honourable grounds, and for the preservation and permanent security of our dearest interests.

In considering the situation of our enemies, you will not fail to observe, that the efforts which have led to their successes, and the unexampled means by which alone these efforts could have been supported have produced among themselves the pernicious effects which were to be expected; and that every thing which has passed in the interior of the Country has shown the progressive and rapid decay of their resources, and of the instability of every part of that violent and unnatural system, which is equally ruinous to France, and incompatible with the tranquility of other Nations.

The States General of the United Provinces have nevertheless been led, by a sense of present difficulties, to enter into negociations for peace with the party now prevailing in that unhappy country. No established Government or independent State can, under the present circumstances, derive any real security from such negociations; On our part, they could not be attempted, without sacrificing both our honour and safety to an Enemy, whose chief animosity is avowedly directed against these Kingdoms.

I have therefore continued to use the most effectual means for the further augmentation of my forces; and I shall omit no opportunity of concerting the operations of the next campaign with such of the Powers of Europe as are impressed with the same sense of the necessity of vigour and exertion. I place the fullest reliance on the valour of my forces, and on the affection and public spirit of my people, in whose behalf I am contending, and whose safety and happiness are the objects of my constant solicitude.

The local importance of Corsica, and the spirited efforts of its inhabitants, to deliver themselves from the yoke of France, determined me not to withhold the protection which they sought for; and I have since accepted the Crown and Sovereignty of that Country, according to an instrument a copy of which I have directed to be laid before you.

I have great pleasure in informing you, that I have concluded a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation with the United States of America, in which it has been my object, to remove, as far as possible, all grounds of jealousy and misunderstanding, and to improve an intercourse beneficial to both countries. As soon as the ratifications shall have been exchanged, I will direct a copy of this Treaty to be laid before you, in order that you may consider of the propriety of making such provision as may appear necessary for carrying it into effect.

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Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The considerations which prove the necessity of a vigorous prosecution of the war will, I doubt not, induce you to make a timely and ample provision for the several branches of the public service, the estimates for which I have directed to be laid before you. While I regret the necessity of large and additional burthens on my subjects, it is a just consolation and satisfaction to me to observe the state of our credit, commerce and resources, which is the natural result of the continued exertions of industry, under the protection of a free and well regulated Government.

"the continuance of the blessings now so long enjoyed by this country, will, I am persuaded encourage you to make every effort, which can enable you to transmit those blessings unimpaired to your posterity.

I entertain a confident hope, that, under the protection of Providence, and with constancy and perseverance on our part, the principles of social order, morality and religion, will be ultimately successful; and that my faithful People will find their present exertions and sacrifices rewarded by the secure and permanent enjoyment of tranquility at home, and by the deliverance of Europe from the greatest danger with which it has been threatened since the establishment of civilized society.

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DIED]—"At Providence, on the 9th Instant, in the 21st Year of his Age, Mr. GEORGE CORLIS BOWEN, eldest Son of Dr. William Bowen, of that Town.—

"What effects he had?"——He coolly answered, "*My Kingdom of Corsica*;" and it was accordingly registered for the benefit of his creditors.

One of the *great exploits* of Britain, in the present crusade of Tyrants against Liberty, is the taking of Corsica, then belonging to the French. By the English law, that kingdom belongs to the creditors of the unfortunate Theodore; but according to the vulgar adage, "might undoes right," and we find *George the Third* has sacked this unhappy country to his own dominions.

European Intelligence.

By the Brig Mary, Capt Chipman, arrived at Boston in 29 Days from Limmington (England) we have the following advices to the 3d of January:

PARIS, November 30.

A Letter from Delbert, Representative of the People, with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes (in Catalonia) gave an account of an action with the Spaniards on the 17th of November. The right wing of the French army totally routed the left wing of the enemy, took their camp, artillery, baggage, and 1008 prisoners. A corps of French Emigrants were put to the sword. The right wing of the Spaniards maintained its ground, and the centre was not attacked. Dugomier, the Commander in Chief of the French army was killed by a shell on a height where he had taken post to direct the operations of his troops.

A letter from Gen. Moreau dated Nov. 22d, announced that Gen. Debron, after defeating a part of the enemy, and repulsing the garrison of Luxembourg, had taken possession of all the military positions within three leagues of the fortress, and formed a complete blockade.

The name of Gen. Dugomier was ordered to be inscribed in the Panthron, among those of the defenders of their country, and his family to be provided for at the public charge.

On the 28th, a letter from the representatives of the people with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes, dated Nov. 20, announced another victory over the Spaniards. Their redoubts and entrenchments were carried by the bayonet; their whole army put to the rout, and all their artillery, baggage and camps, with tents for more than 50,000 men taken. The slaughter is said to have been dreadful; but the letter, being written from the field of battle, could not be expected to give the details.

Official Letter.

Letter from the Representative of the People with the army of the Eastern Pyrennes.

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"CITIZEN COLLEAGUES,

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—At North-Kingstown, WILLIAM HALL, Esq; in an advanced Age.

—Mrs. MARY COLE, Relict of the late Capt. John Cole, in the 73d Year of her Age.

—Mr. PHILIP BAKER, aged 80.

—Mrs. ANN CONGDON, Widow of Mr. William Congdon, aged 79.

—At Exeter, Mr. JAMES GARDNER, (Son of Nicholas Gardner, sen. Esq.) in the 39th Year of his Age.

State of Rhode Island, &c.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, January Session, *A. D.* 1795.

On Motion,

IT is Voted and Resolved, That Messieurs *Henry Marchant, George Gibbs, George Champlin, Christopher Champlin, James Robinson, Peleg Clarke Henry Sherburne, John Bours, Oliver R. Warner, John Handy, Francis Malbone, Daniel Mason, Ethan Clarke, Christopher Fowler, Simeon Martin Thomas Dennis John L. Boss, Samuel Vernon jun. William Ellery jun. Christopher Ellery, Christopher Grant Champlin, Daniel Lyman, Isaac Senter, Benjamin Mason, Aaron Sheffield William Littlefield, Silas Dean, Audley Clarke, Constant Taber, Caleb Gardner, Nathan Bebee, Moses Seixas, Nicholas Taylor, Walter Channing, Archibald Crary,* and *Robert Rogers,* be and hereby are authorized, or any Eleven of them, to set forth a Scheme to raise by Lottery a Sum not exceeding Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, for rebuilding the Wharf, commonly called the Long-Wharf, in *Newport*, and for building a Hotel; and that they, or any Eleven of them, be authorized to appoint the Managers for said Lottery, who shall give sufficient Bonds to the General-Treasurer for the faithful Performance of the Trust: And that they, or any Eleven of them, be authorized to appropriate the Money that shall be raised by Lottery as aforesaid to the rebuilding said Long Wharf, and building the said Hotel: And that those Persons aforenamed, or any Eleven of them, who may undertake the conducting of said Lottery, and rebuilding said Wharf, and building said Hotel, be and hereby are appointed Trustees for the Management and Direction of said Wharf and Hotel, and receiving the Rents and Profits thereof; the neat Amount of which, after deducting the Charges and Repairs on the same, shall be appropriated to the Building and Support of One or more public Schools in said Town of *Newport*, to and for the Use and Benefit of the Children in said Town, in such Way and Manner, and under such Regulations as said Trustees, or a Majority of them, may direct and appoint.

And be it further Enacted, That after the building and completing of said Wharf and Hotel, the Persons who shall be Trustees as aforesaid, shall give sufficient Bonds to the Town-Treasurer, of the Town of *Newport*, for the faithful Performance of their Trust, and shall annually render to the Town-Council, of the said Town of *Newport*, a true and just Account of the Rents, Profits, Charges and Repairs, of said Wharf and Hotel, and of the Appropriation of the neat Profits as aforesaid. And in Case of Vacancy by Death, Resignation, or otherwise, of any of the Trustees as aforesaid, the Person or Persons to succeed to such Vacancy shall be chosen by a Majority of Votes of the surviving Trustees.—Provided no such Choice shall be made until the aforesaid Trustees are reduced to a less Number than Twenty-one, which is always to be the Number of Trustees as aforesaid. *A true Copy:*

Witness, HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, February 17 1795.

☞ *The Gentlemen named in the preceding Act are requested to meet at Mr.* Rogers's *Academy, To-morrow Evening, 6 o'Clock, and to be punctual in their Attendance.*

For the NEWPORT MERCURY.

REFLECTIONS upon the FRENCH COLONIES.

IT may not be a matter of indifference to make some reflections upon the state and condition which the Colonies may hereafter experience; the subject interests humanity, justice, our commerce, that of France, and perhaps the whole world. The National Convention of France has proclaimed liberty to the Negroes; it is an act of humanity and justice; no doubt can remain of their indemnifying the Proprietors who have only purchased under the then existing Laws, Slaves which the French, themselves, imported and sold: no one, likewise, can doubt but they will preserve to the Proprietors the lands which belong to them; to do otherwise would be treating them with inhumanity and injustice, and violating the principles established in the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of Citizen relative to Property.

Under these circumstances, which we already consider as certain, what is there to hope? what is there to fear?

If the Negroes, to obtain the means of subsistence, are obliged to labour in cultivating the Lands, if their labour is fixed at so moderate a price, that some profit may remain to the Proprietor, if they are kept in a due subjection to the Laws,—if their number should prove sufficient to preserve the present value of improvements, if the white inhabitants can be secured against every attempt to render themselves masters of a country which they once hoped to possess,—then the Colonies may once more become flourishing, the Commerce of France may resume its former lustre, and the Commerce of the United States will greatly add to its importance, in consequence of its alliance with that of France:—but if, on the contrary, the Negroes, naturally inclined to idleness, from the heat of the climate and the fertility of the land, from their manner of living, and mediocrity of their wants; should generally refuse to labour;—or if they should demand, or be permitted to demand too high a price for their labour;—if they are not always watched, and restrained by the vigilent eye of the Law;—if the white inhabitants have the least apprehension for their own, or the safety of their families;—if the Negroes, the number of whom was never sufficient for the improvement of one half the land, and whose number is greatly reduced since the revolution;—are only able to cultivate a small part of the present improvements, and even this small number instead of increasing, should continue to diminish; if the white inhabitants, unable to support the intense heat of the sun, in those climates, should find it out of their power to supply the deficiency of labour; what will become of the Colonies? of the Commerce of France? of its marine? and what an immense loss will our own Commerce sustain by such a train of events?

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of Newport, Feb. 17.

ENTERED,	*From*
Brig Sally, Crawford,	New York
Sloop Rainbow, Simmons,	Ditto
CLEARED,	*for*
Sloop Dolphin, Vaughn,	New-York
Ship Newport, Robinson,	Ditto
Snow Whim, Ambrose,	Havanna
Schooner Nancy, Eaton jun.	Norfolk
Brig Randolph, Engs, jun.	Martinico

State of Rhode Island, &c.

General-Treasurer's Office,

Newport, February 16th, 1795.

PURSUANT to an Act of the Honorable General Assembly of said State, passed at the Session, held at *East-Greenwich*, on the last *Monday* of *January, A. D.* 1795, "making Provision for the Transfer of the Stock of the United States belonging to this State to the Individual Creditors thereof."—NOTICE is hereby given, That on *Monday* the 23d Instant, this Office will be opened for receiving the various Kinds of State Paper therein mentioned, and entering upon the Duties required by said Act.

HENRY SHERBURNE, *Gen. Treasurer.*

ATTENTION!

THOSE Persons who wish to Inlist in the Corps of Artillerists and Engineers, will receive 14 Dollars Bounty, and 4 Dollars monthly Pay—Good Provisions, and complete Cloathing for the Season.—The Non-commissioned Officers will also receive an additional Encouragement, according to their Rank.

W. LITTLEFIELD, *Captain Corps of Artillerists and Engineers.*

General Rendezvous, Newport, Feb. 16, 1795.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE double HOUSE, situate on the South Side of Broad Street, a few Doors above the Court House, standing on a Lot 60 Feet front, and extending 100 Feet back, with a Stream of Water running through the farther End of it, which renders the Lot very suitable for a Tan-Yard. The House is also well situated for a Tavern. For farther Particulars inquire of JOHN MANCHESTER, in Middletown.

February 14, 1795.

FOR SALE,

And entered on the 25th of March next,

THE noted FERRY-HOUE, with the Wharf, Boat, and every Thing belonging thereto, on the East Side of Jamestown, commonly called the *Down Town Ferry*, now in the Occupation of Mr. Benjamin Peckham.—For further Particulars inquire of CHRISTY POTTER,

February 16, 1795. of South-Kingstown.

SHOE STORE

JUST OPENED BY

COGGESHAL & BURDICK,

Next Door Northward of Mr. CHARLES FEKES, Apothecary, in Thames-Street,

WHERE may be had Mens' and Womens' SHOES, of different Kinds and Prices.

Also Shoes and Boots, of any Kind, made on the shortest Notice.

Shoes of various Kinds, for Exportation, may likewise be had, as above.

Wanted, at the above Store, several JOURNEYMEN, at either Branch, that are Workmen; as also Two active Lads as APPRENTICES.

They present their Thanks to their former Customers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, February 16, 1795.

STOP THIEF!

ON the night of the 25th instant, the STORE of the subscriber was broken open, and the following articles taken, *viz* ——One piece Cassimere—one piece Velvet—one dozen worsted Hose—one piece Checked Linen—one dozen Women's kid Gloves: with a variety of Handkerchiefs, of the following kinds:—India Bandanoes—black Barceluna do.—check'd Silk do.—several pieces Silk and Cotton do.—Cotton do.—linen do.—one piece Chintz Shawls—sundry kinds of Twist—several hundred Needles, &c. &c.——There are the strongest marks of suspicion against a certain person, who calls his name CALEB OAKS.—He is a well built person, about five feet ten inches, or six feet high—dark hair, and grey eyes—thick set—about twenty six years of age. Had on, while in this town, a light coloured striped elastic coat, considerably worn, and a light mix'd coloured broadcloath one—velvet waistcoat and breeches—round hat, wore boots, and looks like a thief—He had a red shag waistcoat; and his great coat was a dark brown, trimed round the cape, coller, cuffs, &c. with fallskin, furr out.——He rode a dark bay horse, carries his head low, and trots.—He is a Shoemaker by profession, and plays on the violin, which he keeps with him. Whoever will secure said thief in any of the jails of this Commonwealth, or recover said goods so that the subscriber may have them, shall have TWENTY DOLLARS reward, and all lawful charges.

JEREMIAH MAYHEW,

New-Bedford, 28th January, 1795.

FOR SALE, BY

Christo. Champlin,

BOHEA TEA, by the Chest,
Best Russia clean HEMP,
Russia DUCK
Ravens DUCK,
Russia BAR-IRON,
Sweeds BAR-IRON,
6 by 8, and 7 by 9, WINDOW GLASS, per Box,
CORDAGE.

Newport, February 16, 1795.

For *SALE,*

THE Three-Story DWELLING HOUSE, in Thames Street, near the Lower Ferry Wharf, an excellent Stand for Business, at present occupied by Mr. HENRY G. CHAMPLIN, together with the STORE, STABLE and CHAISE-HOUSE, in the Rear, and a GARDEN LOT.

Also, a Two Story DWELLING-HOUSE, to the Westward of the above described Premises, on Stevens's, formerly Cowley's Wharf, at present occupied by Mrs. BENTLEY.——Payments will be made easy.——For Terms, apply to

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, June 30, 1794.

Gibbs & Channing

Have just imported and for Sale,

JAMAICA Spirits, Antigua and Demarara Rum, by the Hogshead—Jamaica Sugar, by the Hogshead and Barrel; Molasses, by the Hogshead—and Two Hundred and Eighty Dry Hides.

December 30, 1794.

George Champlin

HAS FOR SALE,

Jamaica Spirits by the Hogshead, and JAMAICA SUGAR in Barrels.

Stephen Pierce,

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Also, an Assortment of neat GUN-LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT.

TIN OVENS,

Of a new Construction,

MADE AND SOLD, BY

Joseph Mumford,

Near the RED-MARKET,

AS cheap as can be purchased in any State in the Union.——From the Conveniency in Roasting MEAT—or COOKERY of most Descriptions—and by the great Saving of Fuel and Attendance required in Cooking, in the common Way, is sufficient to recommend them to the Public.

Also Tin Ware of all Sorts, by Wholesale and Retail—Iron Wire of all Sizes, by the Pound and Yard—Sheet-Iron Dripping Pans——Sheet-Iron Stoves and Pipes, suitable for Shops and Vessels Cabins. Likewise, Sheet Iron by the Pound.

He gives Cash for old Pewter and Lead. Orders from the Country will be carefully attended to, and the smallest Favours gratefully acknowledged.

F L A X.

W A N T E D,

For the DUCK MANUFACTORY, in this Town,

A Quantity of long, well dressed FLAX, for which CASH, and a good Price, will be given.—— Apply to

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER.

Newport, December 22, 1794.

TO BE SOLD BY

J. Richardson,

At the POST-OFFICE,

A great Variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY,

Consisting of

BIBLES, Testaments, Psalms and Hymns, Spelling Books, Novels, Plays, Dictionary's, Geography's, Law Books, and Seamen's Books, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Quills and Wafers, ALMANACKS for 1795—A new and cheap Assortment of HOUSE PAPER, also Poland Starch, Black Pepper, and an Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, and Fur Trimmings.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1794.

News-Paper Eulogies have become so common, that *real* Merit is scarcely complimented by them——let then the Sorrow-beating Heart, the Tear swollen Eye of the numerous Connexions of this truly virtuous and amiable young Man, bear a lasting Testimony in his many endearing Qualifications, and form his best Eulogy."

—At North-Kingstown, WILLIAM HALL, Esq; in an advanced Age.

—Mrs. MARY COLE, Relict of the late Capt. John Cole, in the 73d Year of her Age.

—Mr. PHILIP BAKER, aged 80.

—Mrs. ANN CONGDON, Widow of Mr. William Congdon, aged 79.

—At Exeter, Mr. JAMES GARDNER, (Son of Nicholas Gardner, sen. Esq;) in the 39th Year of his Age.

State of Rhode Island, &c.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, January Session, *A. D.* 1795.

On Motion,

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JEREMIAM MAYHEW.

New-Bedford, 28th January, 1795.

FOR SALE, BY

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Best Russia clean HEMP,
Russia DUCK
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Sweeds BAR-IRON,
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Newport, June 30, 1794.

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TIN OVENS,

Of a new Construction,

MADE AND SOLD, BY

Joseph Mumford,

Near the RED-MARKET,

AS cheap as can be purchased in any State in the Union.——From the Conveniency in Roasting MEAT—or COOKERY of most Descriptions—and by the great Saving of Fuel and Attendance required in Cocking, in the common Way, is sufficient to recommend them to the Public.

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F L A X.

W A N T E D,

For the DUCK MANUFACTORY, in this Town,

A Quantity of long, well dressed FLAX, for which CASH, and a good Price, will be given.—Apply to

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER.

Newport, December 22, 1794.

TO BE SOLD BY

J. Richardson,

At the POST-OFFICE,

A great Variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY,

Consisting of

BIBLES, Testaments, Psalms and Hymns, Spelling Books, Novels, Plays, Dictionary's, Geography's, Law Books, and Seamen's Books, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Quills and Wafers, ALMANACKS for 1795—A new and cheap Assortment of HOUSE PAPER, also Poland Starch, Black Pepper, and an Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, and Fur Trimmings.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1794.

Mr. BARBER,

As *Thurſday* next is by our beloved Preſident appointed as a Day of Public Thankſgiving, your giving the following Lines a Place in your uſeful Paper, will at leaſt oblige one of your Cuſtomers.

I was naked, and ye clothed me. Inaſmuch as ye have done it unto one of the leaſt of my Brethren, ye did it unto me. JESUS CHRIST.

BLEST is the Man, whoſe Bowels move
With Pity to the Poor;
Whoſe lib'ral Alms, his Faith doth prove,
Sends Bleſſings on his Love:
The Lord will ſhower his Bleſſings down,
On Works of Charity;
With Peace and Plenty he will crown,
Kind Liberality.
The Man, who doth his Alms beſtow,
To ſuccour the Diſtreſs'd,
Hath Bleſſings many, while below,
In Heaven at laſt ſhall Reſt.
His Faith by Works perfected is,
His Love to Jeſus prov'd;
And Chriſt will own the Man for his,
Whoſe Bowels thus were mov'd.
When Faith and Works do thus agree,
They prove the Heart ſincere;
And what is ſown in Charity,
Will a rich Harveſt bear:
His Deeds to Heaven ſhall ariſe,
On Earth he gains Eſteem——
In Life he's bleſt—and when he dies,
His Works will follow him.

The Management of ORCHARDS and FRUIT LIQUOR, in *Herefordſhire* and *Glouceſterſhire*.

[*Continued from our laſt.*]

ORCHARDS.

V. GRAFTING.

THE practice, which lately prevailed, and which is ſtill prevalent, is this: the Stocks, having ſtood ſome two, three or four years in the plantation, until they have eſtabliſhed themſelves firmly in the ſoil, and have acquired a fullneſs of growth, are *cleft grafted* in the following extraordinary manner.

The entire head of the ſtock is cut off!—horizontally with a ſaw, about ſix feet high; higher if the ſtock will admit of it, and the ſort to be grafted be inclined to form hanging boughs; while an upright cloſe headed ſort may, it is thought, be grafted upon a ſtill lower Stock. The top of the Stump, being cleft, the Grafts are inſerted, in the uſual manner; by Men who go about the Country, in the grafting ſeaſon, for this purpoſe.

The Method of *defending the grafts* put in, in this manner, is peculiar to this Diſtrict. They are incloſed within a kind of open work wicker baſket, made ſomewhat in the manner of the bottle-makers baſkets (prickles) with ſplit ozier twigs, about the ſize of the finger. When they are put upon the ſtock, they reſemble the top of a funnel; about two feet high, and about one foot diameter at the top, they are however, worked flat; ſomewhat in the form of the mount of a lady's fan; much broader at the top than at the bottom. The compoſt uſed in grafting having remained a few days to ſtiffen, the bottom part of the guard is wrapt tight round the ſtem, immediately below the loam, upon which it is bound with rope yarns; fixing it in ſuch a manner that the upper edge forms the largeſt circle its length will admit.

Theſe wicker guards—provincially called "BRAIDS"—are moſt ingeniouſly adapted to this mode of grafting: they not only guard againſt Cattle, but prevent Rooks and other Birds from diſturbing the Grafts, before they be eſtabliſhed in the ſtock; and, what is of ſingular advantage to ſome ſorts of apple trees, they ſet up a dropping head—giving the ſhoots (which afterwards become boughs) an upward tendency.

But this method of grafting has its diſadvantage: in a fine young Orchard, which has been grafted in this manner, in the Vale of Gloceſter, I obſerved, that ſeveral of the Trees are faulty in the Crowns of the Stems, which are now 8 or 9 inches diameter. The defect is owing to one of the grafts having miſcarried; by which means a lodgment being made for water, a decay of that ſide of the ſtump of the ſtock has taken place; creating a ſore, which the ſurviving graft has not been able to heal; there being now holes nearly large enough to admit the hand, almoſt to the centre of the ſtem: a premature decay of the tree muſt be the inevitable conſequence.

In Herefordſhire, I ſaw another orchard (which has been planted in the ſame manner, and which has got about the ſame growth) in which the trees *cleave in the crowns*; both grafts having in this caſe ſucceeded. The wind having ſplit ſome of them, and others being in danger of ſuffering the ſame fate, the judicious occupier of this orchard has ſecured them with iron bolts; put thro' the crowns; having a broad head at one end, and a large iron pin or key at the other. The heads are already overgrown, and ſome of the keys nearly buried.*

By letting the Stocks remain until they be large enough *to be grafted in the boughs*; namely until the trained boughs be about an inch diameter; theſe evils are avoided: the grafting becomes more certain; there being more chances of ſucceſs; and the trees, by forming their ramifications in the natural way, are much leſs liable to be torn to pieces by the winds. Some time, it is true, may ſeem to be loſt; the Trees certainly will not come ſo ſoon to *bear*; but it is highly probable, that they will begin to bear a *burden* of fruit ſooner, and will, it is much more than probable, continue to bear longer, than Trees *grafted in the Stock*.

* *This, I have ſince learnt, is not an unuſual expedient.*

(To be continued.)

THE Town-Council of Newport, having appointed me the Subſcriber, Guardian to the Perſon and Eſtate of LYDIA GIBBS, Widow (who is aged and infirm:) —— This is to notify all concerned with the aforeſaid Perſon and Eſtate, that they may act conſonant thereto. JOHN PITMAN, jun.

Newport, Jan. 26, 1795.

FOR SALE, BY

Clarke & Hammond,

PORK and Beef—by the Barrel,
Flour, by Ditto,
Weſt India Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
Jamaica Spirits, by Ditto,
Brandy, Geneva and Porter,
Sugar, by the Barrel,
Bohea Tea, by the Cheſt, or ſmaller Quantity,
Chocolate,
Window-Glaſs, 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, per Box,
Bar-Iron, Nail Rods, Anchors,
Iron Caboooſes, Stoves, &c. &c. as uſual.

Newport, January 5, 1795.

TO BE SOLD, BY

Sheffield Attwood,

BROKER,

A FEW Hogſheads of high proof Weſt-India Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,

A few Hogſheads of excellent retailing Moloſſes, by the Hogſhead,

Geneva by the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, or Caſe,

Likewiſe, ſundry Dwelling-Houſes, ſituated in different Parts of this Town, which will be Sold reaſonable for the Caſh.

A Sloop of about 9 Years old, Burthen about 62 Tons.

A ſmall Farm of about 13 Acres, lying on the Eaſt Road, adjoining to Lands of Abner Cundall, and bounded on ſaid Lands Eaſt; and Weſterly on the Road, and is about 6 Miles from this Town.

About 107 Acres of Land, on New-Shoreham, or Block-Iſland, pleaſantly ſituated on the S. W. Part thereof.—It is moſt excellent Land for Meadow, Paſture, or Corn—and one of the beſt Situations on the Iſland, for carrying on the Fiſhery.—This will be ſold cheap for the Caſh.

He ſtill continues to carry on the BAKING Buſineſs, in all its Branches.—And has now on Hand, a ſmall Quantity of CABIN and SHIP BREAD, which he will ſell cheap as any imported, of equal Quality.

N. B. He gives the higheſt Price for old GOLD and SILVER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable FARM, containing about Two Hundred Acres of Land, Two Dwelling Houſes, a Barn and Crib, Two Orchards, is well proportioned for Plowing and Meadow, has conſiderable Wood thereon, well watered, and is pleaſantly ſituated on the Road leading to Dartmouth, a little to the Eaſtward of the Four Corners in Tiverton.—For further Particulars, inquire of ABNER CHASE, living near the Premiſes.

Tiverton, Feb. 5, 1795.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Ship George and Mary, Samuel Lawton, Maſter, CÆSAR WEEDEN a Black; a Native of Jamestown, about 24 Years of Age. The above Reward, and neceſſary Charges, will be paid, on his being apprehended and committed to the Gaol in this Town, by

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, Feb. 10, 1795.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Worſhipful Town Council, of Newport, Commiſſioners, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of THOMAS FRY, late of Newport, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; Do hereby call on all Perſons, having any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, if they think fit, to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months from this Date; it being the Time allowed for that Purpoſe.

WING SPOONER, } *Commiſ-*
WALTER NICHOLS, } *ſioners.*

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment, to

MARY FRY, *Adminiſtratrix.*

Newport, February 9, 1795

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Town Council of Newport, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of PELEG BARKER, late of ſaid Newport, Eſq; deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent; and Six Months longer being allowed for that Purpoſe, do hereby call upon all Perſons having Demands on ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months from this Date.

JABEZ CHAMPLIN,
WILLIAM DAVIS.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are hereby required to make immediate Payment, to

PELEG BARKER, }
CHARLES BARKER, } *Executors.*
of South Kingſtown.

Newport, February 2, 1795.

WE the Subſcribers being, by the Worſhipful Town Council of Newport, appointed Commiſſioners, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of JOHN ROGERS, late of Newport, Shipwright, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, do hereby call on all Perſons having Demands on ſaid Eſtate, if they think fit, to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months from this Date; it being the Time allowed by Law for that Purpoſe.

JOSEPH WARREN, } *Commiſ-*
JOB TOWNSEND, } *ſioners.*

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment, to

MARY ROGERS,—and } *Adminiſt.*
SARAH ROGERS, }

Newport, Feb. 2, 1795.

ANTHONY DIXON

HAS FOR SALE,

SUGAR, by the Hogſhead and Barrel,
Beſt Spirits, Geneva, and Weſt-India Rum, by the Barrel,
Bohea Tea, by the Cheſt.

Any of the above Articles by Retail, cheap for Caſh.

Newport, January 19, 1795.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT well known and very valuable FARM, late belonging to JOSHUA BABCOCK, Eſq; of Weſterly, in this State, deceaſed, ſituated at the South End of Newport, within a Quarter of a Mile of the compact Part of the Town, lying Eaſterly and Weſterly on the Street, or Road, leading into Brenton's Neck, the Weſt Part being divided by Thames-Street running through it, and extending Weſterly to a Creek, where may be had Plenty of good Manure.—Said Farm contains about 110 Acres, and has thereon a Houſe, Two Barns, and a Crib in good Repair—is well watered; has on it a good deal of good Stone Wall, and is rendered vaſtly more valuable by its being ſo handy to accommodate the Inhabitants with Keeping for their Horſes and Cows.—Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, who is authorized to give an indubitable Title to the ſame.

JOHN BOURS.

Newport, January 20, 1795.

FOR SALE,

A Two-Story DWELLING-HOUSE, in Thames-Street, Newport, a little Northward of the Brick-Market, having a good Shop belonging thereto, and is well ſituated for Buſineſs, now in the Occupation of Capt. BENJAMIN CHURCH.

Alſo a Two-Story HOUSE in Broad Street, together with the Garden and Stable, now occupied by THOMAS PECKHAM, Eſq;

Alſo a WIND-MILL, in good Repair, ſituate between the Town and Malbone's Garden.

Alſo a choice LOT of LAND, known by the Name of *Baker's Spring* Lot, near Malbone's Garden, containing Nine Acres.

Likewiſe another LOT, called the *Mine* Lot, at Green-End, containing about Four Acres; both of the above Lots are handy and convenient to the Town for paſturing.

Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe all, or any of the above HOUSES and LOTS, may know the Terms, by applying to

WILLIAM CHAMPLIN,
(at Point-Judith.

☞ If the above Premiſes are not Sold, by the 25th of March, they will then be to Let.

January 28, 1795

FOR SALE,

THE Eſtate formerly belonging to JOSIAH and BENJAMIN BROWN, ſituate in Thames-Street, nearly oppoſite to Mr. Daniel Maſon's Dwelling-Houſe.—For Terms apply to

CALEB GREEN.

Newport, January 8, 1795.

TO BE LET,

And entered on the 25th of March next,

A FARM, lying a Quarter of a Mile South of the Town of Newport, containing about Fifty Acres—its Nearneſs to the Town, and the Goodneſs of the Land, renders a particular Deſcription of it unneceſſary.—Any Perſon inclining to hire the ſame may ſee the Premiſes, and be informed of the Terms, by applying to

JOSEPH W. TAYLOR.

January 20, 1795.

TO BE LET,

And entered on the 25th of March,

That very valuable Farm, in

the Vicinity of the Town of Newport, with the Dwelling-Houſe and other Buildings thereon, late the Property of NICHOLAS EASTON, deceaſed.—The Fertility of the Soil, and its advantageous Situation, is too generally known, to need a particular Deſcription.

Any Perſon inclining to hire the above FARM, may Know the Terms, by applying to SAMUEL J. POTTER, in South Kingſtown.

December 5, 1794.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURED

DUCK:

N° 1 to N° 8,

Warranted equal to imported,

FOR SALE,

At the DUCK MANUFACTORY, in this Town.

Where alſo may be had

A conſtant Supply of clean TOW.

Newport, January 5, 1795.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of IMANUEL CASE, Eſq; late of North Kingſtown, in the County of Waſhington, deceaſed, to make immediate Payment:—And all thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to preſent their Demands for Payment, to the Subſcriber,

JOHN P. CASE, *Executor.*

North Kingſtown, Jan. 26, 1795.